

This Article Information Sheet (AIS) provides relevant battery information to retailers, consumers, OEMs and others users requesting a GHS-compliant SDS. Articles, such as batteries, are exempt from GHS SDS classification criteria. The GHS criteria is not designed or intended to be used to classify the physical, health and environmental hazards of an article. Branded consumer batteries are defined as electro-technical devices. The design, safety, manufacture, and qualification of branded consumer batteries follow ANSI and IEC battery standards. This document is based on principles set forth in the following hazard communication approaches: ANSI Z-400.1, GHS, JAMP AIS, IEC 62474, and ANSI C18.4M.

1. Document Information			
Document Name	Procell Alkaline Batteries (Major Cells)		
Document ID	AIS-ALK		
Issue Date	22-Sep-20		
Version	2.c		
Preparer	Product Safety & Regulatory		
Last Revision	9/22/2020		
2. Company Information			
Name & Address	Duracell Industrial Operations, Inc. 14 Research Drive, Bethel, CT USA 06801		
Website	www.procell.com		
Consumer Service: North America	877-277-6235 (877-2-PROCELL)		
Customer Service: Europe	877-277-6235 (877-2-PROCELL)		
Customer Service: ASIA & PACIFIC RIM	877-277-6235 (877-2-PROCELL)		
Customer Service: Other	Visit www.procell.com (CONTACT US)		
3. Article Information			
Description	Procell branded professional alkaline battery		
Product Category	Electro-technical device		
Use	Portable power source for electronic devices		
Branding	Procell		
Sizes	Major Cells: AA,AAA, C, D & 9V		
Principles of Operation	A battery powers a device by converting stored chemical energy into electrical energy.		
Representative Product Images - Major Cells	PROCELL MITTER PROCELL		
	Procell Intense Family Procell Family		
Applicable Battery Industry Standards	ANSI C18.1M Part 1, ANSI C18.1M Part 2, ANSI C18.4M, IEC 60086-1, IEC 60086-2, IEC 60086-5		
Electro-technical System	Alkaline Manganese Dioxide		
Electrode - Negative	Zinc (CAS # 7440-66-6)		
Electrode - Positive	Manganese Dioxide (CAS # 1313-13-9)		
Electrolyte	Alkali Metal Hydroxide (aqueous potassium hydroxide - CAS # 1310-58-3)		
Materials of Construction - Can	Nickel Plated Steel		
Declarable Substances	None		
(IEC 62474 Criteria 1)			
Mercury Free Battery	Yes		
(ANSI C18.4M <5ppm)			
Small Cell or Battery	Sizes: AAA and Specialty Cells fit inside a specially designed test cylinder 2.25 inches (57.1mm) long by		
(A NSI C18.1M Part 2; IEC 60086-5)	1.25 inches (31.70 mm) wide.		
5. Health & Safety			
Ingestion/Small Parts Warning	Required for Small Cell or Battery (Sizes: AAA and Specialty Cells): Keep away from children. If		
Normal Canditions of Use	swallowed, consult a physician immediately.		
Normal Conditions of Use			
Note to Dissolution	temperatures, or is mechanically abused.		
Note to Physician	A damaged battery will release concentrated and caustic potassium hydroxide.		

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First Aid - If swallowed	Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical attention immediately. For information on treatment, call the National Battery Ingestion Hotline (telephone numbers for the USA and Canada are provided below).	
24-Hour National Battery Ingestion Hotline	USA/Canada Calls Only: 1-800-498-8666 (Toll Free)	
First Aid - Eye Contact First Aid - Skin Contact	Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical care if irritation persists. Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and water. Seek medical care if irritation persists.	
First Aid - Inhalation	Remove to fresh air.	
Battery Safety Standards & Testing	Duracell batteries meet the requirements of ANSI C18. 1M Part 2 and IEC 60086-5. These standards specify tests and requirements for alkaline batteries to ensure safe operation under normal use and reasonably foreseeable misuse. The test regimes assess three conditions of safety. These are: 1-Intended use simulation: Partial use, vibration, thermal shock, and mechanical shock 2-Reasonably foreseeable misuse: Incorrect installation, external short-circuit, free fall (user-drop), over-discharge, and crush 3-Design consideration: Thermal abuse, mold stress	
Precautionary Statements	CAUTION: Batteries may explode or leak, and cause burn injury, if recharged, disposed of in fire, mixed with a different battery type, inserted backwards or disassembled. Replace all used batteries at the same time. Do not carry batteries loose in your pocket or purse. Do not remove the battery label. Keep small batteries (i.e., AAA) away from children. If swallowed, consult a physician at once.	
6. Fire Hazard & Firefighting		
Fire Hazard	Batteries may rupture or leak if involved in a fire.	
Extinguishing Media	Use any extinguishing media appropriate for the surrounding area.	
Fires Involving Large Quantities of Batteries	Large quantities of batteries involved in a fire will rupture and release caustic potassium hydroxide. Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing.	
7. Handling & Storage		
Handling Precautions	Avoid mechanical and electrical abuse. Do not short circuit or install incorrectly. Batteries may rupture or vent if disassembled, crushed, recharged or exposed to high temperatures. Install batteries in accordance with equipment instructions.	
Storage Precautions	Store batteries in a dry place at normal room temperature. Refrigeration does not make them last longer.	
Spills of Large Quantities of Loose Batteries (unpackaged)	Notify spill personnel of large spills. Irritating and flammable vapors may be released from leaking or ruptured batteries. Spread batteries apart to stop shorting. Eliminate all ignition sources. Evacuate area and allow vapors to dissipate. Clean-up personnel should wear appropriate PPE to avoid eye and skin contact and inhalation of vapors or fumes. Increase ventilation. Carefully collect batteries and place in appropriate container for disposal. Remove any spilled liquid with absorbent material and contain for disposal.	
8. Disposal Considerations (GHS Section 2	13)	
Collection & Proper Disposal	Dispose of used (or excess) batteries in compliance with federal, state/provincial and local regulations. Do not accumulate large quantities of used batteries for disposal as accumulations could cause batteries to short-circuit. Do not incinerate. In countries, such as Canada and the EU, where there are regulations for the collection and recycling of batteries, consumers should dispose of their used batteries into the collection network at municipal depots and retailers.	
USA EPA RCRA (40 CFR 261)	Classified as non-hazardous waste (not ignitable, corrosive, reactive or toxic). Federal Universal Waste Regulations (40 CFR 273) do not apply. State requirements may be more stringent than Federal.	
California Universal Waste Rule (Cal. Code Regs. Title 22, Div. 4.5, Ch. 23)	California prohibits disposal of batteries as trash (including household trash).	
Vermont Primary Battery Stewardship Law (ACT 139)	In Vermont, consumers must recycle alkaline batteries. For information, contact http://www.call2recycle.org.	
9. Transport Information (GHS Section 14		
Regulatory Status	Not regulated. Alkaline batteries (sometimes referred to as "Dry Cell" or "household" batteries) are not listed or regulated as dangerous goods under IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations, ICAO Technical Instructions, IMDG Code, UN Model Regulations, U.S. Hazardous Materials Regulations (49 CFR), and UNECE ADR.	

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UN Identification Number/ Shipping Name	None - Not Required		
Special Provision (SP) Conformance	Special regulatory provisions require batteries to be packaged in a manner that prevents the generation of a dangerous quantity of heat and short circuits. Shippers can prepare batteries by taping the terminals, individually packaging batteries, or otherwise segregating the batteries to prevent risk of creating a short circuit. Batteries shipped in original unopened Duracell packaging is compliant.		
US DOT SP	49 CFR 172.102 Special Provision 130		
Air Transport (IATA/ICAO) SP	Special Provision A123 (61th Edition - 2020). NOTE: The words "NOT RESTRICTED" and "SPECIAL PROVISION A123" must be included on the description of the substance on the Air Waybill, when air w bill is issued.		
Passenger Air Travel	No restrictions		
Emergency Transportation Hotline	CHEMTREC 24-Hour Emergency Response Hotline Within the United States call +703-527-3887 Outside the United States, call +1 703-527-3887 (Collect)		
10. Regulatory Information (GHS Section	15)		
10a. Battery Requirements			
USA EPA Mercury Containing & Rechargeable Battery Management Act of 1996	During the manufacturing process, no mercury is added.		
EU Battery Directive 2006/66/EC & amendment 2013/56/EU	Compliant with marking and substance restrictions for mercury (<0.0005%); cadmium (<0.0020%)I and lead (<0.0040%). Global labels are marked with the special collection symbol and the EU qualifier in accordance with EU Battery Directive 2006/66/EC, Article 11, Paragraph 1 on batteries and accumulators and waste batteries and accumulators (Annex II).		
P.R.C. Provision on Mercury Content Limitation for Batteries (GB 8897.5-2005, MOD, Section 9.1(e)	无汞		
P.R.C. Mercury Free Battery (GB 24427- 2009) < 1ppm	Yes 		
10b. General Requirements			
USA CPSIA 2008 (PL. 11900314)	Exempt		
USA CPSC FHSA (16 CFR 1500)	Consumer batteries are not listed as a hazardous product.		
USA EPA TSCA Section 13 (40 CFR 707.20)	For customs clearance purpose, batteries are defined as an "Article".		
USA EPA RCRA (40 CFR 261)	Classified as non-hazardous waste (not ignitable, corrosive, reactive or toxic). Federal Universal Waste Regulations (40 CFR 273) do not apply. State requirements may be more stringent than Federal.		
California Prop 65	No warning required per 3rd party assessment.		
CANADA Products Containing Mercury	Mercury free		
Regulations SOR/20140254			
	Regulated as an "article." No listed SVHC substances are present (>0.1% w/w) in accordance with ECJ article definition of 10 September 2015. This SVHC communication is basd on the best available information to us. Duracell is managing compliance with EU REACH as part of our daily quality, safety, and regulatory activities. The Candidate List of SVHC's is updated approximately bi-annually and Duracell will update this declaration accordingly if the updated SHVC list affects the assessment herein.		
EU REACH REGULATION (EC) NO. 1907/2006 and REACH SVHC	article definition of 10 September 2015. This SVHC communication is basd on the best available information to us. Duracell is managing compliance with EU REACH as part of our daily quality, safety, and regulatory activities. The Candidate List of SVHC's is updated approximately bi-annually and		
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1907/2006 and REACH SVHC EU REACH Article 31 10c. Regulatory Definitions - Articles USA OSHA	article definition of 10 September 2015. This SVHC communication is basd on the best available information to us. Duracell is managing compliance with EU REACH as part of our daily quality, safety, and regulatory activities. The Candidate List of SVHC's is updated approximately bi-annually and Duracell will update this declaration accordingly if the updated SHVC list affects the assessment herein. SDS is not required consumer alkaline batteries.		
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11. Other Information			
11a. Certification & 3rd Party Approvals			
UL (UTGT2.S50939 Single Multiple	AA, 9V Cert	ification	
Station Smoke Alarms - Component)	Standard: ANSI/UL 217 Single & Multiple Station Smoke Alarms		
11b. AIS Hazard Communication Approac	thes (consulted in developing this document):		
Globally Harmonized System (GHS)	GHS SDS requirements and classification criteria do not apply to articles or products (such as batteries) that have a fixed shape, which are not intended to release a chemical. The article exemption is found in Section 1.3.2.1.1 of the GHS and reads: The GHS applies to pure substances and their dilute solutions and to mixtures. "Articles" as defined by the Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1900.1200) of the OSHA of the USA, or by similar definition, are outside the scope of the system."		
Joint Article Management Promotion Consortium JAMP	JAMP is a Japanese Industry Association who developed the concept of an Article Information Sheet as a supply chain tool to share and communicate chemical information in articles. The AIS authoring process is based on "declarable" substances to meet global regulatory requirements as well as substances to be reported by GADSL, JIG, etc.		
IEC 62474 Ed. 1.0 B:2012 Material Declaration for Products of and for the Electro-technical Industry	An international standard that came into effect in March 2012 concerning declaration for electrical and electronic products. IEC 62474 replaces the defunct Joint Industry Guide – Material Declaration for Electro-technical Products (JIG-101-Ed 4.1 (May 21, 2012)		
IEC 62474 Database - Publically available online (maintained by TC11: Environmental Standardization for electrical and electronic products and systems.	The general principle for a substance to be included in the database as a declarable substantial principle for a substance to be included in the database as a declarable substantial products and that prohibit or restrict substances, or that have a labeling, communication notification requirement, and 2) applying IEC 62474 criteria results in identification of desubstance.	ro-technical n, reporting or	
ANSI C18.4M-2017 Portable Cells and Batteries - Environmental	This standard provides regulatory guidance and a template to author an article informati portable consumer battery. See Annex (inforamative) C.2 Safety Data Sheets and Annex E. 2 General.		
ANSI Z 400.1/Z19.1 (2010)	2.1 Scope: Applies to preparation of SDSs for hazardous chemicals used under occupational conditions. Does not address how the standard may be applied to articles. It presents basic information on how to develop and write a SDS. Additional information is provided to help comply with state and federal environmental and safety laws and regulations. Elements of the standard may be acceptable for International use.		
information contained here has been cor Company's knowledge. It is not meant to offered in good faith. Each user of this m prevent employee exposures, property d	ide a brief summary of our knowledge and guidance regarding the use of this material. npiled from sources considered by Duracell to be dependable and is accurate to the best be an all-inclusive document on worldwide hazard communication regulations. This in aterial needs to evaluate the conditions of use and design the appropriate protective mamage or release to the environment. Duracell assumes no responsibility for injury to roperty resulting from misuse of the product.	st of the nformation is nechanisms to	

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